Town and Country Planning Act 1990 Planning and Compensation Act 1991

# REFUSAL OF PLANNING PERMISSION

Applicant:

Red Miracle Ltd c/o agent

Agent:

Meeson Williams Phillips Ltd Court Farm Barns 7 Medcroft Road Tackley Kidlington OX5 3AL

Date of Application: 8 May 2015

Application No: 151384

Grid Ref:350422:238897

Proposed development:

DESCRIPTION:

SITE:

Unit 3, 109-111 Belmont Road, Hereford, Herefordshire, HR2 7JR Variation of Condition 1 of Planning Permission DCCW03/3853/F.

THE COUNTY OF HEREFORDSHIRE DISTRICT COUNCIL hereby gives notice in pursuance of the provisions of the above Acts that PLANNING PERMISSION has been REFUSED for the carrying out of the development described above for the following reasons:

1 The extension of opening hours would, and has, given rise to increased disturbance to nearby residents to an unreasonable degree, contrary to policiesDR2 and DR13 of the Herefordshire Unitary Development Plan Saved Policies.

Planning Services PO Box 230, Hereford, HR1 2ZB

Date: 1 September 2015

DEVELOPMENT MANAGER

YOUR ATTENTION IS DRAWN TO THE NOTES OVERLEAF

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#### NOTES

### Appeals to the Secretary of State

- If you are aggrieved by the decision of your local planning authority to refuse permission for the proposed development or to grant it subject to conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State under Section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.
- If you want to appeal, then you must do so within 6 months of the date of this notice, using a form which you
  can get from The Planning Inspectorate, Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol, BS1 6PN.
- The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal, but he will not normally be
  prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of
  appeal.
- The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to him that the local planning authority could not
  have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the
  conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development
  order and to any directions given under a development order.
- In practice, the Secretary of State does not refuse to consider appeals solely because the local planning authority based their decision on a direction given by him.

## Right to Challenge the Decision of the High Court

Currently there are no third party rights of appeal through the planning system against a decision of a Local Planning Authority. Therefore, if you have concerns about a planning application and permission is granted, you cannot appeal that decision. Any challenge under current legislation would have to be made outside the planning system through a process called Judicial Review (JR).

The decision may be challenged by making an application for judicial review to the High Court. The time limits for bringing such challenges are very strict, and applications need to be made as soon as possible after the issue of the decision notice. So, if you think you may have grounds to challenge a decision by Judicial Review you are advised to seek professional advice as soon as possible.

These notes are provided for guidance only and apply to challenges under the legislation specified. If you require further advice on making an application for Judicial review, you should consult a solicitor or other advisor or contact the Crown Office at the Royal Courts of Justice, Queens Bench Division, Strand, London, WC2 2LL (0207 947 6000). For further information on judicial review please go to <a href="https://www.justice.gov.uk">https://www.justice.gov.uk</a>

The Council has taken into account environmental information when making this decision. The decision is final unless it is successfully challenged in the Courts. The Council cannot amend or interpret the decision. It may be redetermined by the Council only if the decision is quashed by the Courts. However, if it is redetermined, it does not necessarily follow that the original decision will be reversed.

#### **Purchase Notices**

- If either the local planning authority or the Secretary of State refuses permission to develop land or grants it
  subject to conditions, the owner may claim that he can neither put the land to a reasonably beneficial use in its
  existing state nor render the land capable of a reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development
  which has been or would be permitted.
- In these circumstances, the owner may serve a purchase notice on the Council in whose area the land is situated. This notice will require the Council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.